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IN THE CLAIMS:

Please **AMEND** elected claims 4, 8, 9, 11, 12, 29, and 30, and **AMEND** withdrawn claims 5-7, as follows:

- 1. (CANCELED)
- (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) An electrolyte for a lithium-sulfur battery having a positive and negative electrode, comprising:
 - a first solvent having a dielectric constant that is greater than or equal to 20; a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3; and an electrolyte salt,

wherein:

said first solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methanol, hexamethyl phosphoramide, ethanol, and isopropanol, and the first solvent is roughly between 20% and 80% by weight of the electrolyte.

- 3. (WITHDRAWN) The electrolyte for the lithium-sulfur battery of claim 2, wherein said second solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methylethyl ketone, pyridine, methyl formate, n-propyl acetate, ethyl ether, methylethyl carbonate, toluene, fluorotoluene, benzene, fluorobenzene, p-dioxane, and cyclohexane.
 - 4. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A lithium-sulfur battery comprising:
 - a positive electrode including an active material including lithium;
 - a negative electrode having another active material including sulfur; and
- an An electrolyte <u>disposed between</u> for a lithium sulfur battery having a the positive and negative electrodes, the electrolyte comprising:
 - a first solvent having a dielectric constant that is greater than or equal to 20; a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3; and an electrolyte salt,

wherein:

the first solvent is less than 30% and at or greater than 20% by weight of the electrolyte, and

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the second solvent is roughly between 80% and about 60% by weight of the electrolyte.

- 5. (WITHDRAWN) The electrolyte-for the lithium-sulfur battery of claim 4, wherein the electrolyte further comprising comprises an additive that forms a solid electrolyte interface (SEI) at a surface of the negative electrode during charging.
- 6. (WITHDRAWN) The electrolyte for the lithium-sulfur battery of claim 5, wherein said additive is at least one selected from a group consisting of vinylene carbonate, vinylene trithiocarbonate, ethylene sulfite, ethylene sulfite and bismuth carbonate.
- 7. (WITHDRAWN) The electrolyte for the lithium-sulfur battery of claim 5, wherein said additive is roughly between 0.2% and 10% by weight of the electrolyte.
- 8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The electrolyte-for-the-lithium-sulfur battery of claim 4, wherein said electrolyte salt is at least one selected from a group consisting of lithium hexafluorophosphate (LiPF₆), lithium tetrafluoroborate (LiBF₄), lithium hexafluoroarsenate (LiAsF₆), lithium perchlorate (LiClO₄), lithium trifluoromethane sulfonyl imide (LiN(CF₃SO₂)₂), and lithium trifluorosulfonate (CF₃SO₃Li).
- 9. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The electrolyte-for-the-lithium-sulfur battery of claim 4, wherein a concentration of said electrolyte salt is roughly between 0.5 M and 2.0 M.
 - 10. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A lithium-sulfur battery comprising:
- a negative electrode comprising a negative active material selected from a group consisting of lithium metal, lithium-containing alloy, a combination electrode of a lithium/inactive sulfur, a compound that can reversibly intercalate lithium ion, and a compound that can reversibly redoxidate with a lithium ion at a surface;

an electrolyte comprising a first solvent having a dielectric constant that is greater than or equal to 20, a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3, and an electrolyte salt; and

a positive electrode comprising a positive active material comprising at least one sulfurbased material selected from a group consisting of a sulfur element, Li_2S_n ($n \ge 1$), an organic

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sulfur compound, and a carbon-sulfur polymer ($(C_2S_x)_n$ where x=2.5 to 50 and $n \ge 2$), and an electrically conductive material,

wherein

the first solvent is roughly between 20% and 40% by weight of the electrolyte, and the second solvent is roughly between 80% and about 60% by weight of the electrolyte.

11. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An electrolyte for aA lithium-sulfur battery, comprising:

a positive electrode including an active material including lithium;

a negative electrode including another active material including sulfur, and

an electrolyte disposed between the positive and negative electrodes, the electrolyte

comprising

a first solvent having a polarity high enough to dissolve an ionic compound; a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3; and an electrolyte salt,

wherein

the first solvent is less than 30% <u>and at or greater than 20%</u> by weight of the electrolyte, and

the second solvent is roughly between 80% and about 60% by weight of the electrolyte.

12. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A lithium-sulfur battery comprising: a negative electrode comprising a negative active material including sulfur; an electrolyte comprising

a first solvent having a polarity high enough to dissolve an ionic compound, a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3, and an electrolyte salt; and

a positive electrode comprising a positive active material <u>including lithium</u>, wherein

the first solvent is roughly between 20% and 40% by weight of the electrolyte, and the second solvent is more than 70% and at or less than 80% by weight of the electrolyte.

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- 13. (ORIGINAL) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 12, wherein the first solvent has a dielectric constant that is greater than or equal to 20.
 - 14. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A lithium-sulfur battery comprising: a negative electrode comprising a negative active material; an electrolyte comprising
 - a first solvent having a polarity high enough to dissolve an ionic compound, a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3, and an electrolyte salt; and
 - a positive electrode comprising a positive active material, wherein:

the first solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methanol, hexamethyl phosphoramide, ethanol, and isopropanol,

the first solvent is roughly between 20% and 80% by volume of said electrolyte, and

the second solvent is roughly between 20% and about 80% by volume of said electrolyte.

- 15. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein the second solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methylethyl ketone, pyridine, methyl formate, n-propyl acetate, ethyl ether, methylethyl carbonate, toluene, fluorotoluene, benzene, fluorobenzene, p-dioxane, and cyclohexane.
 - 16. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein: the first solvent is roughly between 20% and 40% by volume of said electrolyte, and the second solvent is roughly between 80% and about 60% by volume of said electrolyte.
- 17. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein a ratio of the first solvent to the second solvent is roughly 1:1.
- 18. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 12, wherein said electrolyte further comprises an additive that prevents the formation of dendrite on a surface of said negative electrode during charging.

- 19. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 18, wherein the additive forms a solid electrolyte interface (SEI) at the surface of said negative electrode.
- 20. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 18, wherein the additive is at least one selected from a group consisting of vinylene carbonate, vinylene trithiocarbonate, ethylene trithiocarbonate, ethylene sulfite, ethylene sulfide and bismuth carbonate.
- 21. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 18, wherein the additive is roughly between 0.2% and 10% by weight of said electrolyte.
- 22. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, further composing an additive that forms a solid electrolyte interface (SEI) at a surface of the negative electrode during charging.
- 23. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 22, wherein said additive is at least one selected from a group consisting of vinylene carbonate, vinylene trithiocarbonate, ethylene sulfite, ethylene sulfide and bismuth carbonate.
- 24. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 23, wherein said electrolyte salt is at least one selected from a group consisting of lithium hexafluorophosphate (LiPF₆), lithium tetrafluoroborate (LiBF₄), lithium hexafluoroarsenate (LiAsF₆), lithium perchlorate (LiClO₄), lithium trifluoromethane sulfonyl imide (LiN(CF₃SO₂)₂), and lithium trifluorosulfonate (CF₃SO₃Li).
- 25. (WITHDRAWN) The electrolyte for the lithium-sulfur battery of claim 3, wherein said first solvent is sulfolane, and said second solvent is the toluene.
- 26. (WITHDRAWN) The electrolyte for the lithium-sulfur battery of claim 3, wherein said first solvent is sulfolane, and said second solvent is the n-propyl acetate.
- 27. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 15, wherein said first solvent is sulfolane, and said second solvent is the toluene.
- 28. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 15, wherein said first solvent is sulfolane, and said second solvent is the n-propyl acetate.

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- 29. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The electrolyte for the lithium-sulfur battery of claim 4, wherein the first solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of ethylene carbonate, propylene carbonate, dimethyl sulfoxide, sulforane, γ-butyrolactone, acetonitrile, dimethyl formamide, methanol, hexamethyl phosphoramide, ethanol, and isopropanol.
- 30. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The electrolyte for the lithium-sulfur battery of claim 4, wherein the second solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methylethyl ketone, pyridine, methyl formate, tetrahydrofuran, diglyrne (2-methoxyethyl ether), 1,3-dioxolane, methyl acetate, 2-methyl tetrahydrofuran, ethyl acetate, n-propyl acetate, ethyl propionate, methyl propionate, ethyl ether, diethyl carbonate, methylethyl carbonate, dimethyl carbonate, toluene, fluorotoluene, 1,2-dimethoxy ethane, benzene, fluorobenzene, p-dioxane, and cyclohexane.
- 31. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, wherein said first solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methanol, hexamethyl phosphoramide, ethanol, and isopropanol.
- 32. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, wherein the second solvent is more than 70% by weight of the electrolyte.
- 33. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, wherein the first solvent is less than 30% by weight of the electrolyte.
- 34. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, wherein the second solvent is substantially 80% by weight of the electrolyte.
- 35. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, wherein the first solvent is substantially 20% by weight of the electrolyte.
- 36. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein the second solvent is more than 70% by weight of the electrolyte.

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- 37. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein the first solvent is less than 30% by weight of the electrolyte.
- 38. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein the second solvent is substantially 80% by weight of the electrolyte.
- 39. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein the first solvent is substantially 20% by weight of the electrolyte.
- 40. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein said first solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methanol, hexamethyl phosphoramide, ethanol, and isopropanol.